

January 23, 1952

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] This is to thank you for the serum specimens from yourself and [REDACTED] which arrived in excellent condition this morning. I am most grateful to both of you for this kindness.

In reply to your request for the nonparalytic strain of polio virus which I used in my experiments on the effect of cortisone in monkeys, I should like to say that I used three different strains. However, the best results were obtained with the Vaughan strain of which I have enough to send you an adequate sample for any test that you may care to carry out. I should like to point out, to begin with, that all of the three strains produced paralytic polio as well as nonparalytic polio in different monkeys. The main point about the Vaughan strain is that a considerable proportion of the inoculated animals developed the nonparalytic variety of the infection, as indicated in the accompanying table. All the tests carried out with this strain are shown and summarized in this table. You will note that the chief function of the cortisone was to convert the nonparalytic infections into paralytic ones. Coincidentally, the incubation periods were also, in general, shorter and the severity of the paralysis much greater. In a group of 50 monkeys used in simultaneous tests with the three different strains, 25 of which were untreated and 25 of which received cortisone, the results were as follows:

	<u>Untreated</u>	<u>Cortisone</u>
Paralytic	36%	76%
Nonparalytic	28%	0
No polio	36%	24%

You will note that these results are essentially similar to those obtained with the Vaughan strain shown in the accompanying table. I don't know whether or not you are interested in the cortisone dosage we

January 23, 1952

used, but I will give it to you here to save you the trouble of writing for it in case you should be interested. The monkeys weighed very close to 2 kilos. They received 25 mg. of cortisone (1 cc) intramuscularly into the leg or thigh muscles once a day beginning with the day before inoculation of virus and continuing until paralysis appeared or a total of 12 doses had been administered, whichever was achieved first.

I am sending you by air express in a special container a vial containing approximately 10 cc of the Vaughan virus which was used in the experiments shown in the accompanying table. This is a 20% suspension of the spinal cords of 2 monkeys in saline which has been kept in dry ice since its preparation. The particular vial which I am sending you has never been thawed before. However, I can tell you that repeated freezing and thawing of such preparations has not altered the titer or behavior of a number of different strains that I have tested over a period of 3 years. I would strongly advise you to use the material in this ampule for any test that you may contemplate because it is not at all improbable that one more passage in monkeys may alter its behavior.

Please let me know if there is any additional information you would like to have about this strain. Just for the sake of completeness, I may say that it was recovered from a patient with nonparalytic polio in Cincinnati in 1947 and that it had been typed in the typing program as a Type 1 polio virus (Brunhilde).

I would appreciate it very much if you could return the stainless steel vacuum bottle and the special wooden box in which the specimen is being sent you as soon as possible.

With kindest personal regards and all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

ABS/maj

Tests with Vaughan Strain of Poliomyelitis Virus

Gen II of 3-9-48 supplied to Dr. [REDACTED]

Date of Test	Dilution of virus 0.5 ml.	Untreated Monkeys	Cortisone Monkeys
5-14-48	10 ⁻²	20*, NP**, 0	
	10 ⁻³	0, 0, 0	
	10 ⁻⁴	0, 0, 0	
	10 ⁻⁵	0, 0, 0	
6-18-51	10 ⁻²	25, NP, NP, 0, 0	10, 11, 13, 0, 0
7-25-51	10 ⁻²	15, NP, NP, 00	7, 8, 9, 10, 11
	10 ⁻³	8, 13, NP, 0, 0	10, 16, 23, 0, 0
All tests	10 ⁻²	3 - paralytic 5 - nonparalytic 5 - no polio	8 - paralytic 0 - nonparalytic 2 - no polio
	10 ⁻³	2 - paralytic 1 - nonparalytic 5 - no polio	3 - paralytic 0 - nonparalytic 2 - no polio
	10 ⁻² + 10 ⁻³	21 monkeys 24% paralytic 29% nonparalytic 48% no polio	15 monkeys 73% paralytic 0% nonparalytic 27% no polio

*20 = monkey developed paralysis 20 days after inoculation. (intracerebral)

**NP = no clinical evidence of paralysis; typical polio lesions in spinal cord and medulla found 28 to 30 days after inoculation.

Tests with Vaughn Strain of Poliomyelitis Virus

Gen II of 3-9-48

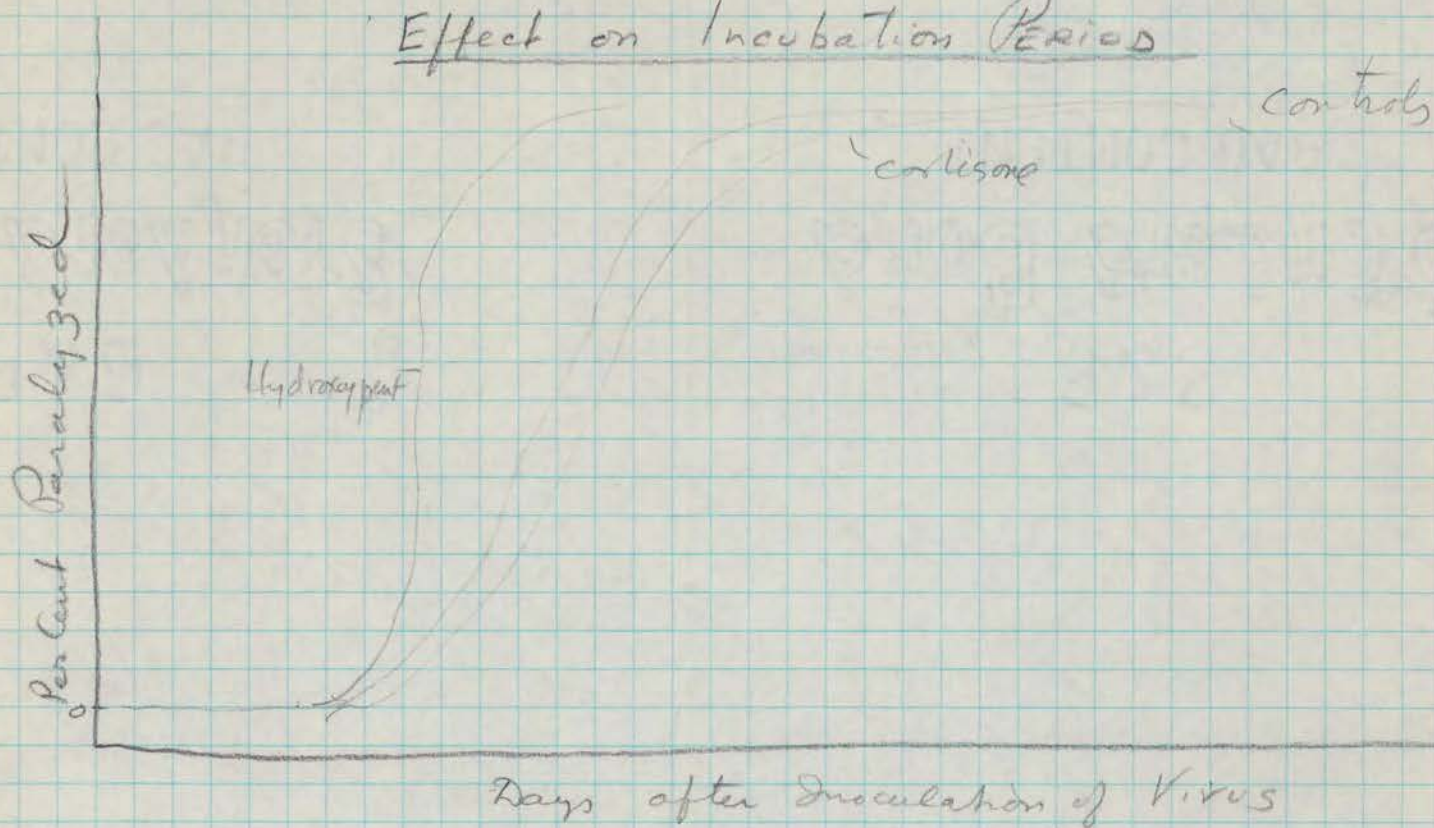
Date of Test	Dilution of virus 0.5 ml.	Untreated Monkeys	Cortisone Monkeys
5-14-48	10^{-2}	20*, NP*, 0	
	10^{-3}	0, 0, 0	
	10^{-4}	0, 0, 0	
	10^{-5}	0, 0, 0	
6-18-51	10^{-2}	25, NP, NP, 0, 0	10, 11, 13, 0, 0
7-25-51	10^{-2}	15, NP, NP, 0, 0	7, 8, 9, 10, 11
	10^{-3}	8, 13, NP, 0, 0	10, 16, 23, 0, 0
All tests	10^{-2}	3 - paralytic 5 - nonparalytic 5 - no polio	8 - paralytic 0 - nonparalytic 2 - no polio
	10^{-3}	2 - paralytic 1 - nonparalytic 5 - no polio	3 - paralytic 0 - nonparalytic 2 - no polio
	$10^{-2} + 10^{-3}$	<u>21 monkeys</u> 24% paralytic 29% nonparalytic 48% no polio	<u>15 monkeys</u> 73% paralytic 0% nonparalytic 27% no polio

*20 = monkey developed paralysis 20 days after inoculation (intracerebral)

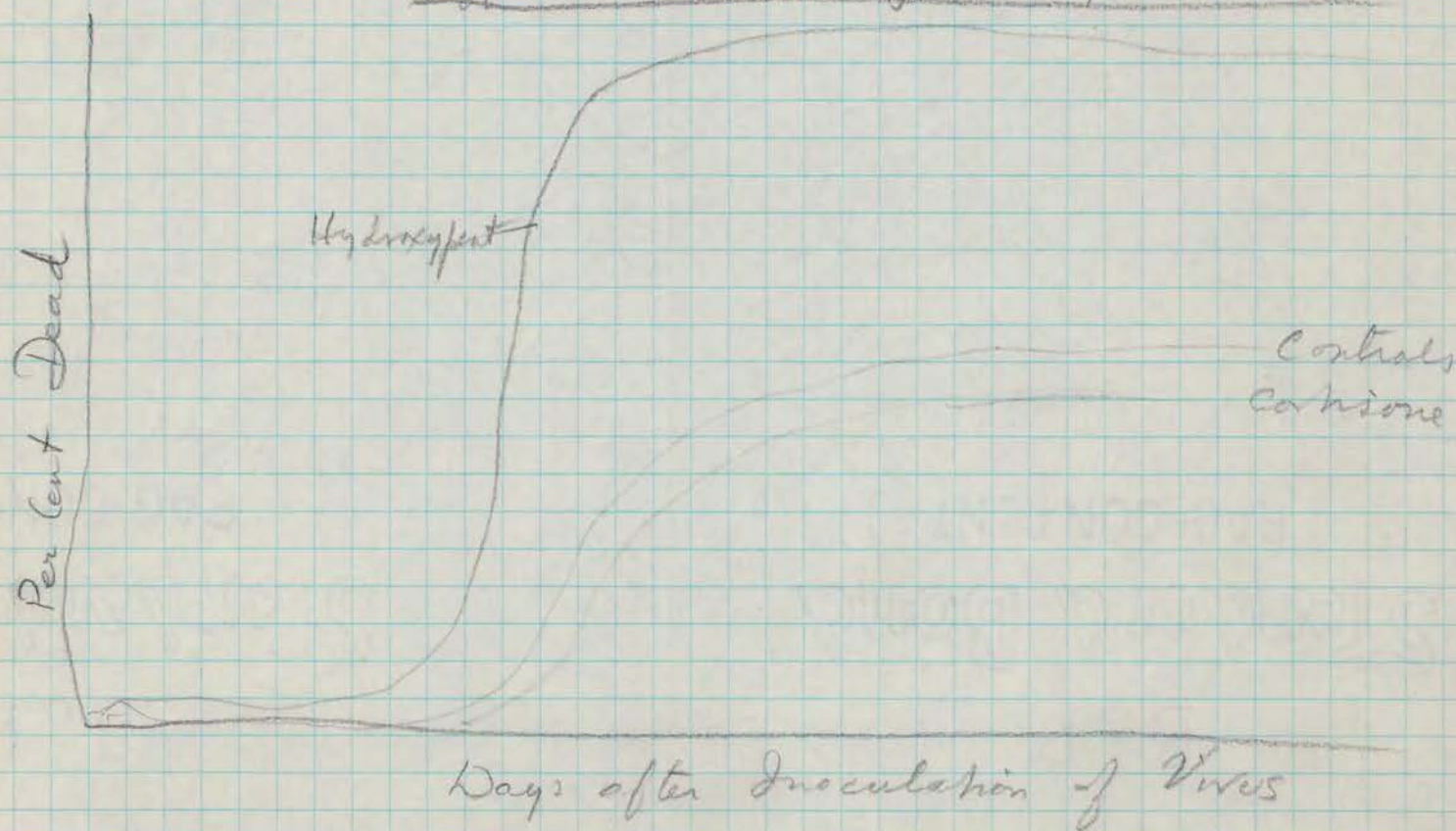
**NP= no clinical evidence of paralysis; typical polio lesions in spinal cord and medulla found 28 to 30 days after inoculation.

Comparative Effect of 6-Hydroxypentagaquine and Cortisone
on Experimental Poliomyelitis in Rhesus Monkeys
Produced by a Virulent Strain of Virus

Effect on Incubation Period



Effect on Mortality of Paralyzed Monkeys



Method of Scoring Severity of Paralysis in Surviving

Score

Slight or transit
0.5

Partial
1

Very severe or complete
2

Part affected

Right upper

Left upper

Right lower

Left lower

Back and/or Cran.

Maximum score = 10

Minimum score = 0.5

Vaughan Virus

10^{-2} Untreated 20, NP, O; NP,

		<u>P</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>None</u>
Untreated	- 21 -	5	6	10
Cortisone	- 15 -	11	0	4

<u>Par</u>	<u>Inv.</u>	<u>Type of Paralysis</u>	<u>Death</u>
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$$\begin{array}{r} 100 \overline{) 34} \\ 68 \\ \hline 320 \\ 306 \\ \hline 140 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 130 \overline{) 34} \\ 280 \\ \hline 38 \end{array}$$

Total
Rhesus

~~NP~~

NP

0 *Stress*

$$\begin{array}{r} 110 \overline{) 34} \\ 102 \\ \hline 80 \\ 80 \\ \hline 120 \end{array}$$

Untreated

34

11 (32%)

10

13

Cortisone

25

19

0

6

Untr.

25

36%
(9)

28%
7

36%
9

Tr.

25

(19)
76%

0

6

24%

		5-14-48	<u>6-8-51</u>	<u>7-25-51</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>		
					P	NP	P+NP
10^{-2}	UNTREATED	20, NP, 0	25, NP, NP, 0, 0	15, NP, NP, 0, 0	3/13	5/13	8/13
	Cortisone	- - - -	10, 11, 13, 0, 0	7, 8, 9, 10, 11	8/10	0/10	8/10
10^{-3}	UNTREATED	0, 0, 0	- - - - -	8, 13, NP, 0, 0	2/8	1/8	3/8
	Cortisone	- - - -	- - - - -	10, 16, 23, 0, 0	3/5	0/5	3/5

Petty 10^{-2}	Untreated	11, NP, NP	17, 19, 19, NP, 0	4/8	3/8	7/8
	Cortisone	- - - -	10, 10, 13, 14, 14	5/5	0/5	5/5

Hopping 10^{-1}	Untreated	- - - -	10, 13, NP, 0, 0	2/5	1/5	3/5
	Cortisone		10, 11, 17, 0, 0	3/5	0/5	3/5

Effect of Cortisone on Hoferkamp Virus in Rhesus Monkeys.

Group	Rhesus No.	Incubation period	Extent of paralysis	Survival Outcome	Remarks
UNTREATED CONTROLS 7-15-51	2209	---	None	Killed 28 days	No Polio lesion
	2210	5	Comp. par. extr. + back	10 S	
	2211	9	" " " "	10 S	
	2212	10	RL, LL, Part. R.U.	5 S	
	2213	13	Part. RL + LL	2 S	
	2214	---	None	Killed 28 days	No Polio les.
	2215	7	RL, LL, Back, part RU + LU	8 S	
	2216	7	Comp. par. extr. + back	10 S	
	2217	9	Ext. par. extr. + back	10 Partial recovery of uppers	
	2218	<u>8</u> 8.5	Comp. par. extr. + back	10 S	
Cortisone 7-15-51	2219	8	Comp. par. extr. + back	10 S	
	2220	6	" " " " "	10 Dead 10	4
	2221	12	Part. par. RL + LL	2 S	
	2222	6	RL, LL, Back, + part. uppers	8 S	
	2223	5	Comp. par. extr. + back	10 Dead 13	8
	2224	7	" " " " "	10 " 9	2
	2225	8	" " " " "	10 S	
	2226	9	" " " " "	10 S	
	2227	8	" " " " "	10 Dead 20	12
	2228	<u>9</u> 7.8	" " " " "	10 S	
Untreated 11-8-51 Same dose of virus from same ampule	2441	8	Comp. par. extr. + back	10 S	
	2442	7	" " " " "	10 Dead 11	
	2443	10	" " " " "	10 " 20	
	2444	11	LU + part RL, LL, + RU.	5 S	
	2445	6	Comp. par. extr. + back	10 Dead 16	
	2446	6	" " " " "	10 " 14	
	2447	8	RL, LL, + part. uppers	6 S	
	2448	6	Comp. par. extr. + back	10 S	
	2449	10	" " " " "	10 S	
	2450	<u>8</u> 8.0	" " " " "	10 Dead 17	

26 1/2
2 6.5

<u>Monkey</u>	<u>Par</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Interval between P + D</u>
1	5	13	8
2	6	10	4
3	6	5	-
4	7	9	2
5	8	20	12
6	8	5	-
7	8	5	-
8	9	5	
9	9	5	
10	12	5	
	<u>10/10</u>	<u>4/10</u>	

<u>Days after Virus</u>	<u>Paralyzed</u>			<u>Mortality</u>		
	<u>No.</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Cumul. %</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Cum %</u>
4	0	0	0	-		
5	1	10	10	-		
6	2	20	30	-		
7	1	10	40	-		
8	3	30	70	-		
9	2	20	90	1	10	10
10	-	-	90	1	10	20
11	-	-	90	-	-	-
12	1	10	100	-	-	-
13				1	10	30
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20				1	10	40

Histology available on:

<u>Strain</u>	<u>Rhes. No.</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>No. of days after cortisone (last dose)</u>	<u>Inflammatory Reaction</u>
Hoferkamp	2220	P _C D ₁₀	3	Very little or no reaction " " " " intensity or pri
	2223	P ₅ D ₁₃	7	Slight at some levels none in others - neuron gone
	2227	P ₈ D ₂₀	12	Slight in some levels lack in others. neurons gone
Vaughan	2057	P ₂₅ K ₂₈	No cortisone	
	2058	P ₁₃ K ₂₈	18	Moderate
	2060	P ₁₀ K ₂₈	18	Moderate
	2061	P ₁₁ K ₂₈	18	Moderate
	2231	P ₁₅ K ₂₉	No cortisone	Marked
	* 2234	D ₁₁	1	Neuronophagia - slight no interest or pri
	2235	P ₁₀ K ₂₉	19	Mild to moderate
	2237	P ₁₁ K ₂₈	17	" " "
	2238	P ₉ K ₂₈	17	Moderate
	2239	P ₈ K ₂₈	No cortisone	
	2243	P ₁₃ K ₂₈	" "	
	2245	P ₂₃ K ₂₈	15	Slight
	2246	P ₁₆ K ₂₈	15	Moderate
Petty	* 2043	P ₁₉ D ₂₆	No cortisone	Usual inflamm
	2045	P ₁₉ K ₂₈	" "	Moderate
	2046	P ₁₇ K ₂₈	" "	Moderate
	2048	P ₁₄ K ₂₈	18	Moderate
	2049	P ₁₄ K ₂₈	18	Slight
	2050	P ₁₀ K ₂₈	18	Extensive
	2051	P ₁₀ K ₂₈	18	Slight
	2052	P ₁₃ K ₂₈	18	Moderate
		P ₁₀ K ₂₈	No cortisone	Extensive
		P ₁₃ K ₂₈	" "	Moderate
Hopping	2035	P ₁₀ K ₂₈	No cortisone	Extensive
	2037	P ₁₃ K ₂₈	" "	Moderate
	2038	P ₁₀ D ₁₄	5	Negligible to absent
	2039	P ₁₇ K ₂₈	18	Slight to moderate
	2042	P ₁₁ K ₂₈	18	Moderate

Histological Observations on Rhesus Monkeys with Hoferkamp Virus and No Cortisone (Original monkeys in 1948)

- Rh 181 - Died 3 days after onset of par. - active neuronophagia
+ interstitial infiltr.
- Rh. 160 - Died 5 days after " " " - Neurones "all gone"
i.e. removed -
much interstitial
infiltration
- Rh 145 - Died 7 days " " " - Almost all neurones
gone - no inflammatory
reaction - one pri seen
- Rh 175 - Died 7 days " " " - Practically no
inflammatory reaction
All neurones "gone"
- Rh 161 - Killed 2nd day of paral. - active neuronophagia
- very little inflammatory
reaction; some pri
- R 162 - " 3rd " " - active neuronophagia,
interstitial and
- R 163 - " 4th " " - meningeal infiltration
→ slight interstitial and
meningeal infiltration

Photograph

- Rh 181 - Dead 3 days after par. - no cortisone
No. 1 x 100
No. 2 x 650
Show extensive neuronophagia in lumbar
cord of ant. horn.
- Rh. 2220 - Dead 4 days after par. + 3 days after last dose
of cortisone (225mg total)
No. 3 x 650
No. 4 x 100
Show acute necrosis of ant. horn cells
with little or no neuronophagia
- Rh 175 - Dead 7 days after onset of par - no cortisone
No 175 = No. 5 x 75
No 2223 = No. 6 x 60
show "ant. horn cells" removed +
disintegrating ant. horn -
inflammatory reaction
- Rh 2223 - Dead 8 days after par. - 7 days after last dose of cort.
Removal of AHC + distemper (200 mg)